



CAMBODIA: AT A GLANCE

The tuberculosis incidence rate was 572 per 100,000 population in 2000 — this was the second highest rate in the world.

Safe water 30% *Population with access*
Health care spending \$19 *Per capita, 2000*

Physicians 29.7 *Per 100,000 population, 1998*

Source: World Health Organization; USAID

ON THE ROAD: A Cambodian family travels by motorbike with an IV hook-up. Eighty percent of Cambodians lack access to proper medical care.



GUATEMALA: AT A GLANCE

The number of whooping cough cases dropped to 229 in 2001 from 1,513 in 1980, while coverage increased to 92% from 43%.

Safe water 92% *Population with access*

Health care spending \$79 *Per capita, 2000*

Physicians 93.3 *Per 100,000 population, 1998*

Source: World Health Organization; USAID

A PARENT'S GRIEF: Miriam Jessenia Morales Mancias, eight months pregnant with her second child, mourns the loss of her 1-year-old son, Franklin.



MALAWI: AT A GLANCE

Malawi was the worst-hit country for cholera during the first 9 months of last year. There were 33,966 cases, including 950 deaths.

Safe water 57% *Population with access*

Health care spending \$7 *Per capita, 2000*

Physicians Not available *Per 100,000 population, 1998*

Source: World Health Organization; USAID



CHECKING UP: A student doctor at Lilongwe Central Hospital in Malawi examines Nalinkina Majomeka, 22, who suffers from bacterial meningitis.



RUSSIA: AT A GLANCE

An estimated 700,000 Russians were living with HIV/AIDS at the end of 2001, about 70% of all cases in Eastern Europe and Central Asia.

Safe water 90% *Population with access*

Health care spending \$92 *Per capita, 2000*

Physicians 421 *Per 100,000 population, 1998*

Source: World Health Organization; USAID

RUSSIA'S LAMENT: A patient lies in the Vladimir Tuberculosis Clinic. Russia's rate of TB infection is more than 11 times that of the United States.