

## **MULTIPLE-CHOICE ITEMS**

- 1) Emphasizing reading, ... Method was strongly based on the way Latin and Greek were taught.
  - A. Direct
  - B. Audiolingual
  - C. Grammar-Translation
  - D. Community Language Learning
- 2) The stage of language development in which a single word functions as a complex idea or sentences is referred to as ... stage.
  - A. cooing
  - B. babbling
  - C. telegraphic
  - D. holophrastic
- 3) In contrast to atomistic psychology, in ... psychology the behavior is studied as an undivided whole.
  - A. Gestalt
  - B. bilingual
  - C. educational
  - D. behavioristic
- 4) The type of drill in which the answer is controlled by the student who provided his own information is termed ....
  - A. transformational
  - B. communicative
  - C. mechanical
  - D. meaningful
- 5) Which of the following is not an example for instrumental motivation?
  - A. Getting a good job
  - B. Passing an examination
  - C. Communicating with people
  - D. Reading a foreign newspaper
- 6) Which of the following statements belongs to the Structuralist Approach to language teaching?
  - A. Language learning provides good mental exercises.
  - B. Students should be conscious of the grammatical rules of the target language.
  - C. Language learners are intelligent and bring with them the experience of already learning a language. The teacher should give only help.
  - D. Language learning is a process of habit formation. The more often something is repeated, the stronger the habit and the greater the learning.

- 7) Which of the following is not a principle of Audiolingual Method?

  A. Language is speech.

  B. Languages are similar.

  C. A language is a set of habits.

  D. Teach the language, not about the language.
  - 8) The term to describe the effect of environment on instruction in Suggestopedia is ....
    - A. authority
    - B. infantilization
    - C. double-planedness
    - D. pseudo-passiveness
  - 9) The babbling stage ....
    - A. prevents cooing and crying
    - B. merges into the cooing stage
    - C. is characterized by a variety of sound
    - D. may cause ill effects on later vocal development
  - 10) All of the following are features of DM except that ...
    - A. listening is a by-product
    - B. grammar should be taught inductively
    - C. native language should be used frequently
    - D. language should be taught in direct association with objects and states.
  - 11) The role of English in countries where it is taught as objects in schools but not used as a medium of instruction in education nor as a language of communication within the country is called ....
    - A. EFL
    - B. ESL
    - C. EAP
    - D. ESP
  - 12) The term ... refers to the development of control over different functions in different parts of the brain.
    - A. aphasia
    - B. bilingualism
    - C. lateralization
    - D. bioprogramming
  - 13) In terms of psychology, Audiolingualism was strongly based on ... psychology.
    - A. Gestalt
    - B. cognitive
    - C. counseling
    - D. behaviorism
  - 14) "ASTP" is the acronym which refers to ....
    - A. Army Method
    - B. Suggestopidia
    - C. Audiolingualism
    - D. Total Physical Response
  - 15) Charts, rods and maps are essential devices to convey meaning in the ....
    - A. Silent Wav
    - B. Direct Method
    - C. Audiolingual Method
    - D. Grammar-Translation Method

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  - $^ullet$  16) The teacher is using a "transformation" drill when he asks the students to change  $\dots$ 
    - A. an active sentences into passive
    - B. a dialogue into narrative form
    - C. the title of a reading passage
    - D. their roles in pair practice
    - 17) In ... Language functions are emphasized over forms.
      - A. Communicative Approach
      - B. Grammar-Translation
      - C. Reading Method
      - D. Audiolingualism
    - 18) According to Contrastive Analysis language is ....
      - A. a set of habits
      - B. primarily speech
      - C. an innate capacity
      - D. a rule-governed system
    - 19) In Suggestopidia ....
      - A. all errors are corrected immediately
      - B. the emphasis is on linguistic content
      - C. form is more important than meaning
      - D. student feel secure by sitting in arm chairs
    - 20) In Audiolingual Method, learners' errors should be ....
      - A. avoided because they lead to bad habits
      - B. ignored because correction may have bad effect on the learners
      - C. attended to because they are valuable guides to the learners' attitude
      - D. discourages because they are indicative of learners' cognitive process
    - 21) "Superlearning" was the idea developed by ....
      - A. Total Physical Response
      - B. Audiolingualism
      - C. Suggestopidia
      - D. Direct Method
    - 22) In the Silent Way "repetition" is viewed as ....
      - A. a time-consuming activity
      - B. an aid for teaching vocabulary
      - C. a technique to enhance autonomy
      - D. a vehicle to improve concentration
    - 23) Which of the following is not true about Suggestopidia? Language is facilitated ....
      - A. if the learner discover what is to be learned
      - B. by accompanying physical objects
      - C. through mimicry-memorization
      - D. by problem solving
    - 24) The process which determines the frequency of occurrence of language items is referred to as ....
      - A. syllabus design
      - B. register analysis
      - C. discourse pathology
      - D. needs assessment syllabus design

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	25) A typical Silent Way class begins with the practice
	A. words
	B. sounds
	C. phrases

26) The drills useful when introducing new pattern which vary only slightly from previous ones are ....

of ....

- A. discrimination
- B. substitution
- C. expansion

D. numbers

- D. reduction
- 27) The following drill is a practice of ... Slot substitution.
  - T: I might not go to class today.

go shopping

S: I might not go shopping today.

do the laundry

finish the lesson

- A. Single
- B. Double
- C. Multiple
- D. Moving
- 28) The specification of the linguistic content in a course or method is called ....
  - A. procedure
  - B. technique
  - C. approach
  - D. syllabus
- 29) Which of the following is not a distinctive characteristic of a second language learner?
  - A. He is limited in time.
  - B. He is highly motivated.
  - C. He has already acquired a world view.
  - D. He has already acquired a language system.
- 30) Which of the following is a distinctive activity in the Silent Way?
  - A. Problem-solving
  - B. Interactive choral drilling
  - C. Information transfer task
  - D. Dialogue and pattern practice
- 31) The strong reaction against the Audiolingual Method was that ....
  - A. Ear training alone elimination was useful for all types of students
  - B. Grammatical explanation was boring and time-consuming
  - C. Native language elimination was possible and desirable
  - D. Too much repetition was monotonous and frustrating
- 32) The exploration of the depth and breath of the language's literature was one of the main objectives of
  - A. Direct Method
  - B. Audiolingual Method
  - C. Total Physical Response
  - D. Grammar-Translation Method

- 33) According to the Silent Way, the kind of vocabulary which provides a key to the comprehension of the spirit of the language is referred to as ....
  - A. semi-luxury
  - B. functional
  - C. notional
  - D. luxury
  - 34) The following example is a ... Drill.

They must be honest. This is important → It is important that they be honest.

- A. Restatement
- B. Contraction
- C. Integration
- D. Rejoinder
- 35) In Behaviorism ... increases the likelihood that the behavior will occur again and eventually become a habit.
  - A. reinforcement
  - B. response
  - C. repetition
  - D. stimulus
- 36) Structural Approaches to language teaching were criticized on the grounds that they ....
  - A. valued learners' errors
  - B. put more emphasis on meaning
  - C. disregarded the value of practice
  - D. disregarded human built-in capacity
- 37) At the level of ..., we are concerned with theoretical principles.
  - A. Technique
  - B. Instruction
  - C. Approach
  - D. Design
- 38) A cognitive teacher tries to help his students to go from ....
  - A. competence to performance
  - B. performance to competence
  - C. manipulation to communication
  - D. communication to manipulation
- 39) Which of the following is **not** an objective of Audiolingualism?
  - A. Accurate pronunciation
  - B. Teaching classic literature
  - C. Recognition of speech symbols
  - D. Simultaneous development of skills
- 40) Which of the following is **not** a tenant of Grammar-Translation Method?
  - A. Teaching cognates
  - B. Teaching classic literature
  - C. Training the brain muscles
  - D. Developing native-like performance
- 41) The human brain weighs ... and contains ... billion neurons in the cerebral cortex.
  - A. 3, 90
  - B. 3, 10
  - C. 30, 90
  - D. 30, 10

42)	Thought and language production are examples of the and levels of the operation of brain respectively.
	A. rational, primal B. primal, emotional C. procedural, neural D. emotional, rational

- 43) Memory is ... and stores about ... trillion bits of information in a lifetime.
  - A. linguistic, two
  - B. linear, thirteen
  - C. non-linear, ten
  - D. non-linguistic, one
- 44) The rear of the brain does **not** control ....
  - A. incoming stimuli
  - B. personal behavior
  - C. conscious movements
  - D. subconscious functions
- 45) The involuntary movements of the body are controlled by the ....
  - A. angular gyrus
  - B. olfactory area
  - C. medulla
  - D. pons
- 46) A bottom-up process is a ..., but not a ... process.
  - A. serial, parallel
  - B. data-driven, serial
  - C. conceptually-driven, parallel
  - D. conceptually-driven, data-driven
- 47) Which of the following is not a phrase of attention?
  - A. Arousal
  - B. Activation
  - C. Objection
  - D. Maintenance
- 48) Appropriate knowledge sequences function as ... in the process of learning.
  - A. input
  - B. output
  - C. behavior
  - D. organizer
- 49) Discovery learning is ....
  - A. meaningful
  - B. receptive
  - C. verbatim
  - D. arbitrary
- 50) Neologism is an example of ....
  - A. Wernicke's aphasia
  - B. Broca's aphasia
  - C. Paraphasia
  - D. Dysphasia

**GOOD LUCK!**